Application No. 10/750,054 Amendment filed: June 23, 2005

Reply to Office Action of March 23, 2005

## IN THE CLAIMS

**Current Listing Of Claims:** 

We claim:

1. (Currently Amended) A method, comprising:

etching a recess into a substrate, the recess having a bottom;

implanting an <u>at least one</u> ionized species <u>selected from the group consisting of the</u>

<u>noble elements, the alkaline metals of column I of the periodic table and the alkaline earth</u>

<u>metals of column II of the periodic table</u> into the bottom of the recess to form an amorphous etch stop region, the ionized species being electrically neutral within the substrate; and etching the substrate with an anisotropic wet etch.

- 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the ionized species has a low solubility in the substrate.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the ionized species has an ionic radius greater than 130 pm or an ionic radius less than 80 pm.
- 6. (Cancelled)

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7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate is a single crystal with a vertical

[100] crystal plane, a horizontal [110] crystal plane, and diagonal [111] crystal plane and

wherein etching the single crystal with the alkaline anisotropic wet etch causes faceting along

the [111] crystal plane relative to the [100] crystal plane.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the alkaline anisotropic wet etch solution has a

pH of approximately 10 or higher.

9. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the alkaline anisotropic wet etch does not

include an oxidizer.

10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein implanting an element into a substrate to form

an amorphous etch stop region comprises a dose of the element in the approximate range of 5

x e<sup>14</sup> atoms/cm<sup>2</sup> and 1 x e<sup>15</sup> atoms/cm<sup>2</sup>.

11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein implanting an ionized species into a substrate

to form an amorphous etch stop region comprises an implant energy within the approximate

range of 1 KeV and 20 KeV.

12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein etching the recess into the substrate comprises

an anisotropic dry plasma etch.

13. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

implanting an at least one ionized species selected from the group consisting of the

noble elements, the alkaline metals of column I of the periodic table and the alkaline earth

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metals of column II of the periodic table into a substrate to form an amorphous etch stop

region, the ionized species being electrically neutral within the substrate;

etching a recess into a substrate after implanting the at least one ionized species into

the substrate; and

etching the substrate with an anisotropic wet etch.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein implanting the recess with the ionized

species comprises a dose of the ionized species in the approximate range of e<sup>15</sup> atoms/cm<sup>2</sup> and

1 x e<sup>16</sup> atoms/cm<sup>2</sup>.

15. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein implanting the recess with the ionized

species comprises an implant energy within the approximate range of 10 KeV and 40 KeV.

16. (Original) A method comprising:

forming a gate and a pair of sidewall spacers on either side of the gate above a single-

crystal silicon substrate having a vertical [100] crystal plane, a horizontal [110] crystal plane,

and a diagonal [111] crystal plane;

etching a recess in the single-crystal silicon substrate along the vertical [100] crystal

plane with an anisotropic dry plasma etch;

implanting silicon into the bottom of the recess to form an amorphous etch stop;

etching the recess along the diagonal [111] crystal plane with an anisotropic wet etch

having a pH of at least approximately 10 and no oxidizer; and

filling the recess with an electronically doped silicon germanium material to form a

source/drain region.

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17. (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising a source/drain tip implant region

under the sidewall spacers.

18. (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising a shallow trench isolation region

comprising an oxide and wherein the anisotropic wet etch does not etch the shallow trench

isolation region or a hardmask protecting the gate.

19. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein filling the recess with an electronically

doped silicon germanium material forms an epitaxial source/drain tip extension region

underneath the gate.

20. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

providing a substrate having a crystal lattice; and

disrupting the crystal lattice of the substrate with an at least one ionized species that is

electrically neutral selected from the group consisting of the noble elements, the alkaline

metals of column I of the periodic table and the alkaline earth metals of column II of the

periodic table within the substrate to form an etch stop region.

21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein disrupting the crystal lattice of the substrate

comprises disrupting chemical bonds within a crystal plane of the crystal lattice.

22. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein disrupting the crystal lattice comprises a

combination of acceleration energy, ionic radius, and mass of the element that is sufficient to

disrupt chemical bonds of the crystal lattice.

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23. (Currently amended) A structure comprising:

a substrate having a plurality of vertical [100] crystal planes, a plurality of horizontal

[110] crystal planes, and a plurality of diagonal [111] crystal planes, the substrate having a

recess shaped as an inverse truncated pyramid having four walls along four diagonal [111]

planes and a flat bottom along a horizontal [110] plane; and

an amorphous etch stop region containing an at least one electrically neutral element

selected from the group consisting of the noble elements, the alkaline metals of column I of

the periodic table and the alkaline earth metals of column II of the periodic table within the

substrate in the flat bottom of the recess, wherein the amorphous etch stop region acts as a

mask to protect the substrate surface.

24. (Original) The structure of claim 23, wherein the substrate is single-crystal silicon.

25. (Cancelled)

26. (Original) The structure of claim 23, wherein the recess has an aspect ratio within the

approximate range of 1:1 and 1:5.

27. (Original) The structure of claim 23, further comprising a cantilever protruding out over

the recess.

28. (Original) A transistor, comprising:

a crystalline semiconductor substrate having a plurality of vertical [100] crystal planes,

a plurality of horizontal [110] crystal planes, and a plurality of diagonal [111] crystal planes;

a gate electrode formed above the crystalline semiconductor substrate;

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a pair of sidewall spacers, one on each side of the gate electrode; and

a pair of source/drain regions, one source/drain region under each of the sidewall

spacers and wherein the source/drain regions are defined by the bottom of the spacers and by

the diagonal [111] crystal planes.

29. (Original) The structure of claim 28, wherein the pair of source/drain regions extend

beneath the pair of sidewall spacers by a distance of up to the width of one of the pair of

sidewall spacers.

30. (Original) The structure of claim 28, wherein the pair of source/drain regions extend

under the gate electrode by a distance in the approximate range of 10% and 20% of the width

of the gate electrode.

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